CSG West
Public Safety Forum

Presenter:
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Moderator:
Representative Jon Lovick, Washington House of Representatives
Overview

01  CSG Justice Center

02  How States Are Using the Latest Science to Reduce Recidivism and Increase Public Safety

03  Improving Outcomes for People with Behavioral Health Issues

04  Lowering Barriers to Long-Term Employment

05  Ways States are Leading Data Driven Public Safety Strategies
The Council of State Governments (CSG) Justice Center provides practical, nonpartisan advice informed by the best available evidence. It is a national non-profit, non-partisan membership association of state government officials that engage members of all three branches of state government.
What is justice reinvestment?

A data-driven approach to reduce corrections spending and reinvest savings in strategies that can decrease recidivism and increase public safety

The Justice Reinvestment Initiative is supported by funding from the U.S. Department of Justice’s Bureau of Justice Assistance (BJA) and The Pew Charitable Trusts
States using the justice reinvestment approach with CSG Justice Center

Past states

Current states (Phase I or II)

DIRECTIONS:
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REVISION INDICATORS:
Please copy and paste the shape below to call out any items on the slide to revise or make comments. You can adjust the triangle point by clicking on the yellow diamond.

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05 Ways States are Leading Data Driven Public Safety Strategies
Recent Developments in States
States are looking for ways to support local efforts to prevent crime and increase public safety.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Analyze Data</th>
<th>Oregon’s “Knowledge Bank” collects and shares best practices and relevant research.</th>
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<tr>
<td>Probe state and local data</td>
<td>Oklahoma’s “Safe Oklahoma Grant Program” helps communities target reductions in violent crime and fund the adoption of best practices and improved community relations.</td>
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<td>Understand who is contributing to different types of crime</td>
<td>Expanding training for police officers, and considering statutory training requirements.</td>
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50 State Summit on Public Safety

State and local leaders will form four-member teams per state comprising representatives from the criminal justice and behavioral health systems and the state legislature to discuss the most compelling topics related to increasing public safety.
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Jails Are Where the Volume Is

Number of Admissions to Jail and Prison
Weekly and Annually, 2012

Jail Admissions

Prison Admissions

11,605,175

553,843
Mental Illness: Overrepresented in Our Jails

General Population

- 4% Serious Mental Illness

Jail Population

- 17% Serious Mental Illness
- 72% Co-Occurring Substance Use Disorder
Factors Driving the Crisis

- Disproportionately higher rates of arrest
- Longer stays in jail and prison
- Limited access to health care
- Higher recidivism rates
- Low utilization of EBPs
- More criminogenic risk factors
1. Reduce the number of people with mental illness booked into jail

2. Shorten the length of stay for people with mental illnesses in jails

3. Increase the percentage of people with mental illnesses in jail connected to the right services and supports

4. Lower rates of recidivism
State Level Behavioral Health Strategies

- Expand behavioral health provider workforce - $500 k
- Expand behavioral health services through collaboration with private providers, DHS, and DOCR - $7 mil

- Crisis Stabilization Units - $6.4 mil
- Crisis Intervention Training
- Behavioral Health Screens in Jail

- Justice Reinvestment Maximizing Grant
  - Reentry housing for co-occurring disorders
  - Douglas County – Jail, prison, community supervision
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70 Million Adults – or 1 in 3 – in the U.S. has some sort of criminal record
The Effect of a Criminal Record is More Pronounced for Black Applicants than White Applicants

White applicants with a criminal record are more likely to get a callback for an interview than black applicants without a criminal record.

Risk of re-arrest dissipates with time, but over 31,000 collateral consequences are permanent.

A person with a criminal record who remains arrest free for about 7 years has a similar risk of offending as the general population.

Reduce Recidivism and Improve Employment Outcome

**Build Skills for Work**
- Develop and Test Knowledge and Programs
- Leverage Funding

**Engage Employers**
- Public/Private Dialogues
- Sector-based approaches

**Reduce Policy Barriers**
- Fair Hiring
- Collateral Consequences
- Criminal Record Clearance
Corrections and Workforce Development

Corrections and Reentry

Maximize limited resources
Break the cycle of re-incarceration and/or joblessness
Prepare people for success

Supported by

With guidance from
The National Inventory of Collateral Consequences of Conviction (NICCC)

Over 40,000 collateral consequences in state and federal law.

50% are job related.

https://niccc.csgjusticecenter.org
The Clean Slate Clearinghouse

Launching later this month at www.cleanslateclearinghouse.org

• Online clearinghouse of each state’s record clearance policies, guides, and legal service providers

• Accessible and useful information for policymakers, reentry providers, and people with criminal records

• Ability to compare record clearance policies between states, regionally, and nationally

U.S. DOL partnership with U.S. DOJ
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How is Your State Leading Change?
Thank You

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